

"MUCH YET REMAINS UNSUNG." TO MY BRIDE. Say, dearest, caust thou trust me no That thou art mine? Then why is sadness on thy brow, Why dost repine? Thou art my only love, my life, My dear, devoted, daving wife; Now let thy heart with joy be rife, For I am thine.

For I am thine.
When gloom and darkness gather round
Thy troubled breast,
When for thy spirit scarce is found
A place of rest;
Then on this busons seek repose,
'I'will be the stother of thy woes,
Come, all thy surrow here disclose,
Thou dear distress'd.

Oh! what is all this world to me,

When thou art not
When thou art not
The lightsome thing thou used to be?
Hast thou forest
Those happy hours, when, side by side,
We wandered by Patapsco's tide,
And watched the sparkling cidies glide
Our feet about?

Our feet about?

With arm in arm we wander'd there,
And gathered flowers
Of choicest bloom, to bind thy hair;
Those very hours
Shall live while Memory lives, their fight
In after years will burn as bright,
And close as now shall they unite
Those hearts of ours.

When bloom and beauty both shall fade, When blight shall come, And when easth's giories all are laid In the cold tomb; When winds and waves in turnult boil,

We'll stand above the waste, and smile.

others,) with the exception of Antonio, by their counsel, filed an answer denying that they were slaves, or the property of Ruiz and Montez; or that the Ccurt could, under the Constitution or laws of the U. S, or under any treaty, exercise any jurisdiction over their and cargo and negroes were duly documented as be-

vessel on the coast of Africa, which was unlawfully transported in the slave trade, and were unlawfully transported in the same vessel to the Island of Cuba for the purpose of being there unlawfully sold as slaves; that Ruz and Montez, well knowing the premises, made a pretended purchase of them; that afterwards, on or about the 2sth of June, 1839, Ruz and Montez, confederating with Ferrer, (captain of the Amistad, passed them, without law or right, to be placed on board of the Amistad, to be transported to some place unknown to them, and there to be enslaved for life; though public documents of the printing of the voyage they rose on the master, and took in the same vessel to the latendary or subtant on the voyage they rose on the master, and took in the same vessel to the latendary or subtant on the voyage they rose on the master, and took in the same vessel to the latendary or subtant on the voyage they rose on the master, and took in the same vessel to the latendary or subtant on the voyage they rose on the master, and took in the same vessel to the latendary or subtant on the cannot be and the earn in no wise in the treaty which justifies or subtant in the argument. We do not here meddle to subtant in the intensity of a Convention of the Conv

Lieut. Gedney and others on the vessel and cargo of this Court; and it is just as applicable to the transactive State upon your return to private one-third of the value thereof, but not on the negroes tions of civil intercourse between nations in times of life, in such a manner as shall show that their attach-Cinquez and others. It allowed the claim, of Tellineas peace.

was interposed by Ruiz or Montez, or on behalf of the | parties is engaged in war. This article required a cerrepresentatives of the owner of the Amistad. The tain form of passport to be agreed upon by the parties, and annoxed to the treaty. It never was annexed and the decree of the District Court, reserving the question.

the decree of the District Court, reserving the question of salvage upon the claims of Tellineas and Aspe and Laca. And from that decree the present appeal has been brought to this Court.

The cause has been very elaborately argued, as well upon the merits as upon a motion on behalf of the appellees to dismiss the appeal. On the part of the U.S. it has been contended, 1. That due and sufficient proof be obligatory upon them and the United States are believed to the property has been made to authorize the large the property has been made to authorize the large the property has been made to authorize the large The cause has been very elaborately argued, as well upon the merits as upon a motion on behalf of the appellers to dismiss the appeal. On the part of the U. S. been contended, I. That due and sufficient proof concerning the property has been made to authorize the concerning the property has been made to authorize the nish subjects on whose behalf they are claimed, pursuants to the treaty with Spain of the 27th of October, and must be decided upon the eternal principles of justice and international law. If the contest not the treaty with Spain of the 27th of October, 27. That the U. S. have a right to intervene in the contended of the spanning treatment of the subjects on the contended of the subjects of the subjects of the spanning treatment of the contest of the subjects of the subject of

points involved in this interesting and important con-troversy, it may be necessary to say a few words as to the actual posture of the case as it now stands before who shall contest their claims before any of our courts, us. In the first place, then, the only parties now before the court, on the one side, are the United States,

protection given them by other treaties, or by the geneintervening for the sole purpose of procuring restitu- ral law of nations. Upon the merits of the case, then, the treaty, upon the grounds stated by the other parties that these negroes ought to be deemed free, and that claiming the property in their respective libels. The United States do not assert any property in themselves, or any violation of their own rights, or sovereignty, or laws, by the acts complained of. They do not insist that these negroes have been imported into the United States in contravention of our own slave trade acts.— They do not seek to have these negroes delivered up for the purpose of being transported to Cuba as pirates or robbers, or as fugitive criminals found within our territories who have been guilty of offences against the laws of Spain. They do not assert that the seizure and laws of Spain. They do not assert that the seizure and the same laws, then the Court to pass an order to ena-

Mr. Justice Story delivered the opinion of the lourt.

In 1821. The sixth article of that dearly seems as the property of the in the manner already stated. We dismiss this, there-subjects of either State had been taken possession of fore, as well as several minor points made at the argu-

Court.

This is the case of an appeal from the decree of the Circuit Court of the District of Connecticut, sitting in admiralty. The leading facts, as they appear upon the transcript of the proceedings, are as follows:

On the 27th of June, 1839, the schooner L, Amislows:

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On the protect of Spanish subjects, cleared to June, 1839, the schooner L, Amislows:

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On with him four other negroes, also claimed by him as his slaves, and stated to be his property in a similar pass or document, also signed by the Governor General of This is the article on which the main reliance is placed Cuba. On the voyage, and before the arrival of the vessel at her port of destination, the negroes rose, killed the Captain, and took possession of her. On tial to establish, First. That these negroes, under all the Captain, and took possession of her. On tial to establish, First. That these negroes, under all the Captain, and took possession of her. On tial to establish, First. That these negroes, under all the Captain, and took possession of her. On the Captain, and the Captain, and the Captain, and the Captain, and the Captain has the Captain the 26th of August, the vessel was discovered by Lieutenant Gedney, of the United States brig dise, in the sense of the treaty; Secondiy. That there washington, at anchor on the high seas, at the distance of half a mile from the shore of Long Island. hands of pirates and robbers, which, in the present case, A part of the negroes were then on shore at Culcan only be by showing that they themselves are pirates laden point, Long Island, who were seized by Lieut. and robbers; and, Thirdly. That Ruiz and Montez, the Gedney and brought on board. The vessel, with the negroes and other persons on board, was brought by Lieut. Gedney into the District of Connecticut, and there libelled for salvage in the District Court of the may (not) be justly deemed, within the intent of the United States. A libel for salvage was also filed by treaty, to be included under the denomination of mer-Henry Green and Pelatian Fordman, of Sag Harbor, chandise, (and.) as such, ought to be restored to the Long Island. On the 18th of September Ruiz and claimants: for upon that point, the laws of Spain would

of Spanish subjects which had arrived within the juris-dictional limits of the United States, and were taken solemn edicts and declarations of that Government. possession of by the said public armed brig of the U. By those laws and treaties and edicts the African slave States, under such circumstances as made it the duty trade is deemed a hemous crime; and the negroes of the United States to cause the same to be restored thereby introduced into the dominions of Spain are deto the true proprietors, pursuant to the treaty between clared to be free. Ruiz and Montez are proved to United States and Spain, and praying the Court, on have made the pretended purchase of these negroes its being made legally to appear that the claim of the with a full knowledge of all the circumstances, and, Spanish Minister was well-founded, to make such order for the disposal of the vessel, cargo, and slaves, as spect, that the District Attorney has admitted, in open
RETURN OF MARTIN VAN RUREN TO PRIVATE LIFE. would best enable the United States to comply with Court, upon the record, that these negroes were nather treaty stipulation. But, if it should appear that tive Africans; and recently imported into Cul. as allows of New York will receive to the fellowship and the the negroes were persons transported from Africa in leged in their answers to the libels in the case. The sup- courtesies of private life, one whom it has been their violation of the laws of the United States, and brought posed proprietary interest, then, of Ruiz and Montez is pride to acknowledge as the favorite son of the State—within the United States contrary to the same laws, he completely displaced, if we are at liberty to look at the one who, from early youth to mature age, has been a then prayed the Court to make such order for their removal to the coast of Africa, pursuant to the laws of the United States, as it should deem fit.

On the 19th of November, the Attorney of the U.S. filed a second information of libel, similar to the first, with the exception of the second prayer above set forth on board of the Amistad, there is no pretence to say the consistent, unflinching, and uncompromising advocate of popular rights, and once before, as now, a martyr in the cause of Democracy. Of his public career, now temporarily terminated, it cannot be expected that a just opinion can be generally formed so soon after the with the exception of the second prayer above set forth on board of the Amistad, there is no pretence to say the consistent, unflinching, and uncompromising advocate of popular rights, and once before, as now, a martyr in the cause of Democracy. Of his public career, now temporarily terminated, it cannot be expected that a just opinion can be generally formed so soon after the close of the most embittered party struggles known in in his former one. On the same day, Antonio G. Vega, that they are pirates or robbers. We may lament the the country since the days of Jefferson; but "immutable the Vice Consul of Spain for the State of Connecticut, dreadful acts by which they asserted their liberty, and like the state of the Antonio was a slave, the took possession of the Amistad, and endeavored to representatives of Ramon Ferror and the state of the property of the representatives of Ramon Ferror, and praying the court to cause him to be delivered to the said Vice Consul, that he might be returned by him to his lawful owner in the Island of Cuba.

persons by reason of the premises, and praying that they might be dismissed.

They specially set forth and insist in this answer that they were native-born Africans, born free, and of right be held conclusive evidence in this cause, even also have been eminent; and conscious out to be free and not slaves; that they were, on or about the 15th of April, 1839, unlawfully kidnapped, and forcibly and wrongfully carried on board a certain vessel on the coast of Africa, which was unlawfully ties of Spain. To this argument we can in no wise ries.—Standard. that on the voyage they rose on the master, and took nying property found on board of the private ships of possession of the vessel, intending to return therewith their native country, or to seek an asylum in some evidence of the facts which they purport to state, yet they are always open to be impugned for fraud; and the vessel arrived, on the 26th of Aug. 1839, off Montaug Point, near Long Island; a part of them there went on shore, and were seized by Lieut. Godney, and carried on board, and all of them were afterwards brought by him into the District of Connecit overthrows all their sanctity, and destroys them day, declare themselves, by an overwhelming majority, ficut.

| day, declare themselves, by an overwhelming majority, first. | for those simple, Republican, beneficent maxims of On the 7th of January, 1840, Jose Antonio Tellineas solemn transactions, and an asserted title to property and Messis. Aspe and Laca, all Spanish subjects residing in Cuba, filed their claims as owners to certain portions of the goods found on board of the schooner proprietor to make due and sufficient proof of his pro-L'Amistad.

perty. And how can that proof be deemed either due

We are convinced that the administration of this On the same day, all the libellants and claimants, by their counsel, except Jose Ruiz and Pedro Montez, of fraud? This is not a more rule of municipal juris- education, associations, and feelings, are hostile to the (whose libels and claims, asstated of record respectively prudence.—Nething is more clear in the law of nations, interests of the masses; that ample justice will be done, were pursued by the Spanish Minister, the same teing merged in his claims, appeared, and the negroes
also appeared by their counsel, and the case was heard
on the libels, claims, answers and testimony of witnesses.

In the law of hardons, interests of the masses, trian ample justice with as an established rule to regulate their rights and duties and in the most riumphant manner, to the ability, the dignity, and the determination with which you have at all times maintained that system of Government which does not lend itself to the selfish interests and valid title. This rule is familiarly applied, and in-On the 23d January, 1840, the District Court made a deed is of every day occurrence in eases of prize in the impartial protection to all its citizens. decree. By that decree, the Court rejected the claim of Green and Fordham for salvage, but allowed salvage to rent from numerous cases to be found in the reports of the City and County of New York, desire to receive

and Aspe and Laca, with the exception of the above and the of the Spanish Vice Consult for Antonio, on behalf of Ferrer's representatives. It rejected the claims of Ruiz and Montez for the delivery of the negroes, but admitted them for the cargo, with the exception of the spanish Vice Consult for Antonio, on behalf of Perrer's representatives. It rejected the claims of Ruiz and Montez for the delivery of the negroes, but admitted them for the cargo, with the exception of the by the Attorney of the U. S. on behalf of the Spanish Weight acts under the flag of Spain, there can be no doubt that it would be the duty of courts to strip the restoration of the negroes under the flag of Spain, there can be no doubt that it would be the duty of courts to strip y unabated, but greatly increased, by the events of the last four years. We, therefore, in behalf of the Convention, request you to inform us of the day on which you will reach our city, that your fellow-citizens may meet you on doubt that it would be the duty of courts to strip your arrival. We are farther instructed to request off disguise and to look at the case according to its. mish Minister, for the restoration of the negroes under off disguise, and to look at the case according to its appoint a day for that purpose. the treaty; but it decreed that they should be delivered naked realities. In the solemn treaties between nato the President of the U. S., to be transported to tions, it can never be presumed that either State in- you from accepting this invitation, and subscribe our-Afr ca, pursuant to the act of the 3d of March, 1819. tended to provide the means of perpetrating or pro- selves, Sir, with the highest respect, From this decree the District Attorney on behalf of tecting fraud; but all the provisions are to be construed the U. S., appealed to the Circuit Court, except so far as intended to be applied to bona fide transactions. as related to the restitution of the slave Antonio. The 17th article of the treaty with Spain which proclaimants Tellineas and Aspe and Laca also appealed rom that part of the decree which awarded salvage on of property on board of the ships of both States, is in the property respectively claimed by them. No appeal its terms applicable only to cases where either of the

the manner in which they have done, to obtain a decree for the restitution of the property upon the application of the Spanish Minister. These propositions have been strenuously denied on the other side. Other collateral and incidental points have been stated, upon which it is not necessary at this moment to dwell.

Before entering upon the discussion of the main issue, and constitute the very assence of the control of the ship, to which they have done, to obtain a decree for the ship, to which they have done, to obtain a decree for the chief Magistrate of this glorious ment of the rightst carthy interests to his keeping. Your communications, gentlemen, convey this additional gratification to me, and from a quarter eminant of the Spanish Minister. The political attachments of the propositions have been stated, upon which it is not necessary at this moment to dwell.

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Before entering upon the discussion of the main issue, and constitute the very assence of the control of the right of the their highest earthly interests to his keeping.

American citizens asserted a titie, which was denied by additional gratification to me, and from a quarter eminant, there could be no doubt of the Spanish Chief Magistrate of this glorious from the chief Magistrate of the chief Magistrate of the senter had the people and unworthy of "the Chief Magistrate of the senter had the people and unworthy of "the Chief Magistrate of the senter had the people and unworthy of "the Chief Magistrate of the senter had the people and unw ot necessary at this moment to dwell.

Before entering upon the discussion of the main issue, and constitute the very essence of the controe property as Spanish property, pursuant to there does not seem to us to be any ground for doubt

laws of Spain. They do not assert that the seizure and bringing the vessel and cargo and negroes into port by Lieut. Gedney, for the purpose of adjudication, is a tortuous act. They simply confine themselves to the right of the Spanish claimants to the restitution of their property, upon the facts asserted in their respective allegations.

In the next place the parties before the Court, on the other side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lied ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett often side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett ofter side, as appellees, are Lieut. Gedney, on his lett of the respective all the lieus destination, enjoy the privilegers, and discharge the duties station, enjoy the privilegers, and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the negroes are once within our increase; and when the nearly of a negroid that it was abandoned. The decree of the District that When winds and waver in tunnit non, well sand above the waver, and sanity.

Medical above the speak and server, and sanity.

And above the globes, and the server, and sanity of the san

WM. THOS. CARROLL, C. S. C. U. S.

THE DECREE.

the record from the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the that Messrs. Wright and Allen will also be present. district of Connecticut, and was argued by counsel -On the 19th of September the Attorney of the United States for the District of Connecticut filed an information or libel, setting forth that the Spanish Minister and officially presented to the proper department of the Government of the United States a claim for the restoration of the vessel, cargo, and slaves, as the property of Spanish subjects which had arrived within the juris attention of the Vessel, cargo, and slaves, as the property of Spanish subjects which had arrived within the juris and dealerstions of the United States, and were taken of the County and the claimants to give rise to the casus the plantify sind agree to form of the transported to Africa, in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in symptom of the united states of the 3d of March. States are fully in the view taken in the action of the act of Congress of the 3d of March. States are fully in the view taken in the action of the transported to Africa in spiral to the Congress of the 3d of March. States are fully in the plant of the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the following the claimants to give rise to the casus account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same, has opened the house for the account of the transported to Africa in the same and rechieve set where the law, such that the same, has opened the following in the Albany Argos of Saura and Montez or of any other Spanish Minister. The Frankfin Hotel is the same, has opened the Attention of the account of the transported to Africa. A convertible is a thome.—Ib.

The part is a thorney of the acc

his lawful owner in the Island of Cuba.

On 7th of January, 1840, the negroes, (Cinquez and ledge; nor do the libels of Ruiz and Montez assert them late political whirlwind. They have succeeded in shatter with the exception of Antonia by their country.

through both branches of the Legislature, and waits

ment to their political faith is uninfluenced by selfish

We earnestly hope that nothing will occur to prevent ROBT. H. MORRIS.

President of the Convention. WRIGHT HAWKES, WRIGHT HAWKES, THEODORE SEDGWICK, V. Presidents. THOS. SMITH, JNO. D. VAN BUREN, Secretaries.

objects of their confidence and favor with a tenacity and the seemingly adverse fortunes they are destined the great divisions of Government but to that (what to encounter. Recalled from the public service abroad, to encounter. Recalled from the public service abroad, not many years ago, under circumstances in some respects not unlike the present, I found, on landing in the vicinity of your city, preparations already made for a demonstration of their continued confidence and regard, similar to those which are now so cordially ten dered. Throwing myself upon the indulgence of

cy of the return which it has been in my power to find in our last paper.—Enq] make for their steady friendship, and to assure them of Jail broken open, and escape of the Negroes

PHILADELPHIA, March 17

Wr. Van Buren.—Mr Van Buren, accompanied by Mr. Forsyth, arrived in this city by the Baltimore Rail road, at about 6 o'clock last evening. He was received at Broad and Chestnut streets by a committee of his Philadelphia friends, and escorted to his quarters at Head's Hotel. Messrs. Wright and Allen of the Uses. Senate, and other distinguished citizens arrived by its. Senate, and other distinguished citizens arrived by its standing its brevity, it contains numerous bare faced falsehoods; but of this I have no occasion to advise you, as the editor's intimate and most familiar acquaintaness have never, I believe, even suspected him and spirits, and looks remarkably well. We understand that he intends remaining in town for several days, it is made and the remaining in town for several days, and Chestnut streets, the expectation being entertained that the intends remaining in town for several days, and Chestnut streets, the expectation being entertained that Mtssrs. Wright and Allen will also be present.

For the proposed of the training in town for several days, and the report of commissioner Daniel, especially and allen will also be present.

For the proposed of the control of the proposed of effectually repairing the same, is now seemed the same, is now seemed the same, is now as the control of the county of control of the control of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of control of the county of the county of control of the county of county of control of the The United States, Appellants, rs. The Libellants S. Senate, and other distinguished citizens arrived by and Claimants of the schooner Amistad, her tac. the same train. Mr. Van Buren is in excellent health kle, apparel, and furniture, together with her cargo and spirits, and looks remarkably well. We understand of blundering into so gross an error as the TRUTH, in kle, apparel, and furniture, together and described in the and the Africans mentioned and described in the several libels and claims. On appeal from the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the District of Connecticut.

This cause came on to be heard on the transcript of the U. S. for th and the Africans mentioned and described in the that he intends remaining in town for several days, several libels and claims. On appeal from the Cir. and will be happy to receive his friends to-day. In the

Washington Bank, Erie County Bank, Buffalo, Union Bank, do Bank of Western N. Y., Rochester. Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank, Batavia.

Binghampton Bank On Wednesday, the following were thrown out by he agents in this city, viz : Bank of America, Buffalo. Merchants' Exchange, do.

And finally, yesterday the explosion became geneal, and the agents threw out the following : Mechanics' Bank of Buffalo. U. States', Phoenix Bank, do.

Bank Commerce, do. Bank of Brockport. Cattaraugus County Bank.

extraordinary demand. extraordinary demand.

By a singular, if not an inadmissible construction of the law, by the late Comptroller, (Mr. Cooke,) preference has been given in the redemptions from the depo-site in his hands to those who were the first to appear with their protests. Such was the course taken and allowed in the case of the Millers' Bank, in which the notes in the hands of political friends and favorites were immediately redeemed, and the small bill-holders, "the merchant, the mechanic, the farmer and the labor-er," were the sufferers. Yesterday, a bill was passed

only the signature of the Governor to become a law, providing that the circulating notes be paid pro rata. More fruits of Gov. SEWARD'S ADMINISTRATION. -The "Inspection Law," which we have before no-ticed as having been introduced in the Legislature of Virginia, as a sort of retaliatory measure upon this State, has passed the House of Delegates. It goes into operation on the 1st of May, 1842. The time originally roposed was the 1st of July, 1541, which was changed, for the purpose, we presume, of giving this State a

chance to change the unconstitutional course of the Executive .- 1b. THE RED BACK BILLS .- The excitement against these bills does not seem to abate, although some of our best financiers are free to express their confidence in the ability of the banks ultimately to redeem their notes The news from Albany yesterday was of the most un-favorable character, but in the face of all this some of the brokers bought Erie County, Mechanics, and State Bank of Buffalo at a small discount. The grocers, butchers, and bakers still refuse to take them, whereas the dry good merchants take nearly all kinds at par .-In fact, so far as we know, all classes seem to be in a quandary as to what course to pursue. That class of our citizens who have their \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$4 to purchase their provisions with, will be the greatest sufferers. The Comptroller says, that "in general, the banks are sound, and the bills are well secured."-Ib.

Our Review of the Inaugural.—The Inaugural on Thursday night, and laid before the good citizens thereof, by all the daily papers, at an early hour the next morning. We propose reviewing it as briefly as It is the most ill-written public document we ever had

Washington, March 8, 1841.

Gentlemen:—I have had the honor to receive your respective letters, expressing, on behalf of the Demogracy of the city of New York, the opinion they have formed of my public conduct, and the feelings by which they are animated in regard to my contemplated return to my native State, and tendering me the honor of a public dinner, on a day to be designated by my-

cond paragraph, about the "remark" of a virtuous and indignant Roman," made "upwards of two thousand

ing made, as a breath can unmake, change, or modify it"-(the Constitution?)-"it can be assigned that divisions!) of Democracy." Whenever we have at Washington, healthy, and contains a very moral a On the subject of the privileges of an American citizen, we are told that " he claims them because he is himself a man, fashioned by the same Almighty hand as" (fushioned) "the rest of his species, and" (because he is) "entitled to a full share of the blessings with which he has endowed them." (What? them species!)

The tone, however, of this document, is much better than the instrument through which it is sent forth. The Government is to be restored to its pristine health and vigor. The President "renews" his pledge, "heretofore" given, that under no circumstances will he con

ELYRIA, March 5th, 1841. To the Editor of the Cleveland Advertiser.

Accept, gentienen, my warmers acknowledgments for the friendly spirit in which you have discharged the duty assigned to you, and believe me to be,

With the greatest respect,
Your friend and ob't serv't,

M. VAN BUREN.

To Messrs. William H. Elting, L. P. Jordan, James Zeiss, Niel Gray, Allan M. Sniffen, and Theos. Peck, Special Committee of the Dem. Rep. Gen. Cem.; and Robert H. Morris, President, Wright Hawes and Theodore Sedgwick, Vice Presidents, and John D. Van Buren and Thomas Smith, Secretaries of a Convention of Democratic Republican Electors of the city of New York.

Phil.adel.phia, March 17.

Mr. Van Buren,—Mr Van Buren, accompanied by Mr. Forsyth, arrived in this city by the Baltimore Rail.

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Mr. Forsyth, arrived in this city by the Baltimore Rail. Dear Sir-On Tuesday night last, a gang of Oberlin,

Long Island. On the 18th of September Ruiz and Montez filed claims and libels, in which they asserted their ownership of the negroes as their slaves, and of certain parts of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be "delivered to them, or to the representatives" of the control of the control of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be "delivered to them, or to the representatives" of the control of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be "delivered to them, or to the representatives" of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be "delivered to the might be "delivered to the might be "delivered to the might be gold be additioned by the control of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be "delivered to the might be "delivered to the might be gold be additioned by the control of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be "delivered to the might be gold be additioned by the control of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be gold be additioned by the control of the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same might be underly the cargo, and prayed that the same was argued by counter. On consideration whereof, it is the opinion of the Curt. The laws of Spain would be used to the claim of the Curt. The cargo of the Curt. The laws of Spain would be underly the cargo, and during the previous night, and as the five time to the decree of the Cirt. The control of the Circ. The

by, affirmed, except as to the part aforesaid, and, as to to the part aforesaid, and, as to to the part, that it be reversed, and that the cause be remanded to the Circuit Court with directions to enter in lieu of that part, a decree that the said negroes be, and are hereby, declared to be free, and that they be dismissed from the custody of the Court, and be dissingted from the suit, and go thereof quit without day.

True copy. Test:

WM. THOS. CARROLL, C. S. C. U. S.

RETURN OF MARTIN VAN BUREN TO PRIVATE LIFE. New York, March 16.—On Tuesday next the cuttors of private life, one whom it has been their private on who, from early youth to mature age, has been a consistent, unfilleding, and uncompromising advocate of popular rights, and once before, as now, a marriye in the cause of Democracy. Of his public career, now temporarily terminated, it cannot be expected that a lemporarily as the contract of the part a force and date that they are so that they are so that they are so that they agents for the nodes, instead of sending them to the Banks, rushed to the agents for the redemption. Of course, the agents were not prepared to the City of Richmand and Bank, "A Y. City Trust & Bank of Clyde, "Farmers' Bank of Clyde, "Farmers' Bank of Sence a consistent, unfill-ching, and uncompromissing advocate of private life, one whom it has been their one who, from early youth to mature age, has been a consistent, unfill-ching, and uncompromising advocate of proving the proposed at the fermion of the prevalence of the circuit Superior Court of Law and Characteria, and the courtesies of private life, one whom it has been their of the proposed at the fermion of the c

OLD WINES, LIQUORS AND GROCERIES,

OLD MANES, INCOMES AND GROCERIES.

OLD India Madeira Wine

Mons, J. B. Brengeri.

Also, Madeira Wine in pipes, half pipes, and quarter casks

Also, Madeira Wine in pipes, half pipes, and quarter cask Pale and brown Sherry do do Port Wine, in casks and hottles Champaigne and Claret Wines Frontigna, in quarter casks do Malmsey Madeira Wing, in 16 gallon casks London Dock and Ohard, Dupny & Co's Cognac Brandy Jamaica and Antigua Rum and Holland's Gin Richardson's and Gibson's old Barley Whiskey.

By Recent Arrivals,
Superior old West India Rum
Do do Otard, Dupny & Co's Cognac Brandy
Do do pale and brown Sherry
60 baskets Champaigne Wine, of various Brands, from 1

DAVENPORT & ALLEN have for sale—
COFFEE—500 bygs prime Rio
150 do, old Java
150 do, Laguira
SUGARS—50 hhds. St. Crox and Potte Rico
100 boxes double and single loaf
30 do, Havana white
MOLASSES—35 hhds. West India
101(6) = 90 ceroor a prime Gratemala INDIGO -- 10 ceroons prime Gualema'a BACON-50,000 pounds mir/dungs LARD—200 kegs prime quality SALT—1,500 sacks prime, in ste SALT-1,500 sacks prime, in store COTTON VARNS-50 bales assorted, Richmond manufacture

COTTON VARNS—50 bales assorted, Richmond PAPER—30 cases plain and ruled cap and letter 1,000 reams wrapping POWDER—550 kegs blasting SHOT—2,000 bags, assorted sizes NAILS—2,000 kegs, do. do. SOAP—500 hoves, various brands TEAS—30 half chests extra fine 100 boxes gunpowder SPIRITS—90 half pipes old Cognac Brandy 20 qr. pipes Go. 50 half do. common quality 10 pipes common Gin. 10 pipes common Gin 100 bbls, old rectified Whiskey

100 bbls, old rectified Whiskey
30 hbls, common do.
300 bbls, N.E. Rum
26 hhds, N. Orleans Rum
20 hhds, N. Orleans Rum
20 ob inetation Antigua
100 bbls, Apple Brandy
30 do. Alcohol
WINES—20 half and quarter pipes Madeira
20 quarter pipes Tenerifie
25 do. do. Sicity Madeira
30 do. do. pure Malaga
20 boves Muscat
10 bbls, do.
30 baskets Champaign Grape
WHITE LEAD—29 kegs No. I New York
WINDOW GLASS—200 half boxes, 10 by 12.
OHLS—20 hbds, and tierces bleached winter
50 bbls, Tanner's 50 bbls. Tanner's
20 casks second quality lamp
CANDLES—50 boxes spermaceti
50 do. mould
SPICES—20 bags Ginger
20 do. Pimento.
March 9

FRANK G. RUFFIN, Attorney at Law, will practise in the Su perior and Inferior Courts of Albemarle and Fluvanna coun-ties. Address-Charlottesville, Va. 78-w3m

January 12th, 1841. Address of General Harrison was brought to this city PETER SPILMAN, MERCHANT TAILOR, 4 doors below Earley's DETER SPILMAN, MERCHANT TAILOR, a deers octobe correged.

Inte of Fredericksburg, has located himself in the city of lichemond, and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.—

ie pledgrs himself to spare no pains to render full satisfaction to all who may favor him with their orders.

WANTED—Vest and Pantaleon Makers, to whom he will give

TERMS of SALE.—One fourth part of the purchase paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and two paid in cash, and the residue in twelve, eighteen and twelve, eighteen constant employment. Feb 27

Executor of Elizabeth Rose: e, ac. L AW SCHOOL.—Judge CLEMENT DORSEY, of the dicial district of Maryland, having located himself village of Bladensburg, near the city of Wa hongton, will first Monday in May next, open a Law School.

He will have an almost daily intercourse with the students of the studen

Reference may be had to those members of Congress served with Judge Dorsey in Congress between 1825 and 18 March 16

March 16

AW NOTICE.—The undersigned attends regularly the x-for Courts of Law and Chancery in the counties of Flux-Buckingham, Nelson, Augusta and Greene, and all the Counties of Flux-Albemarle. 37 Office in Charlottesville.

References.—II. W. & J. J. Fry & Co., F. & J. S. James & Jacquelin Taylor & Co., J. W. Dithrell & Co., D. Amberson & Peyton, Deame & Edwards, Win. II. Macfarland, Bereit & B. W. Leigh, E-u., Jas. Lyons, E-q., Richmonf, F. & Whaz Rives, Esq., Albemarle; Henry A. Wisz, Esq., Accesses.

JOHN 18 Communication of the County of Counties.

JOHN H. GILMA

THE public are informed that I sell Tickets in all the later under the management of D. S. Gregory & Co. All attended to with promptness.

CHASTAIN CLARKE

guardan and next from,
against
William Cox, Administrator of James Cox, st., deeward Coles, Sheriff of Northumberland county and 4
Administrator of Pemberton Claughton, deceased, Administrativ of William Norris, deceased,
Harding, Sheriff of said county and Committee Adminbonis non of Samuel Garner, deceased, and John II, Fallin, deceased, who was Administrative County and County and County and County of John II. Fallin, deceased, who was Administrative Said Samuel Garner, deceased, who was Administrative County of County Co

Commercian, Co. Ho., Feb. 21st.)

The parties interested in the above order of Court we here
tified, that I have appointed the 2 th day of March next is
purpose of settling the above accounts at this place, as requesaid order, at which time and place they will attend, with a
cessary evidence, to enable me to make up said account.
JOHN DAVIEL. Second Commercian

against Harrison Howard, Bloxum Howard, and James S. Porter

IN CHANCERY.—Virginia:—At Rules held in the Coffice of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Character county of Surry, the 1st day of February, 1841:

Drury Stith, Executor of the last will and testament of Paulcon, deceased,
against
John H. Cocke, son, Merit M. Robinson, Elizabeth A. Nathaniel F. Cabell and Ann B. his wife, (formerly Ann Re Phillp St. George Cocke, John H. Cocke, jun., Charles C. Ann Gray,

Richardson's and Gibson's old Barley Whiskey.

Superior old West India Rum
Do do Otard, Depuy & Co's Cognac Brandy
Bo do pale and brown Sherry
Bo baskets Champaigne Wine, of various Brands, irom Duc de
Monspencier, down to Fanny Ellsler.

Groceries, in abundance, at prices commensurate with their
qualities and the deranged state of the currency.

Nov 27

The defendant, Merit M. Robinson, not having enter
pearance, and given security, accorning to the Act of
and Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory
that he is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered
and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of the
forthwith inserted in some newspaper, published in it.

Richardson's and Gibson's old Barley Whiskey.

By defendant, Merit M. Robinson, not having enter
pearance, and given security, accorning to the Act of
and Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory
that he is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered
and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of the
forthwith inserted in some newspaper, published in it.

Richardson's and given security, accorning to the Act of
and Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory
that he is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered
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and Rules of the Court, and given security, accordin Ann Gray, 16-5 The defendant, Merit M. Robinson, not having enter

Cattaraugus County Bank.
Bank of Lodi.
St. Lawrence Bank
The two latter Banks it is supposed will furnish their agents with funds to go on and keep up their redemption in a short time; the officers and some of the stockholders of the St. Lawrence Bank particularly, being among the most wealthy citizens of St. Lawrence county.

The Commercial Bank of Oswego (safety fund) we understand has been redeemed in small amounts; but such amounts as were sent in by Banks to the agency, were refused.

The panic has burst so suddenly upon the agencies of the Associations, that the funds placed with them were exhausted before they could arrange to meet such an averaginary demand.

AND AND DEFT. LAULEN have for sales.

WM. WALLACE.
February, 1841:
Bevery flood and Nancy his wife, Against
Peter Claybrook and Martha his wife, Against
Rhoda his wife, Patrick, William, James H. Albert so
will sell between 1800 and 400 acres, adjoining the above. Also,
the Taken lately kept by him, on the road leading from Charlately kept by him, on the road leading from Charlately kept by him, on the road leading from Charlately kept by him, on the road leading from Charlately kept by him, on the road leading from Charlately kept by him, on the chire of his sons,
the Taken lately kept by him, on the chire of his sons,
the Taken lately kept by him, on the chire of his sons,
the Associations, that the funds placed with them were
exhausted before they could arrange to meet such an

The above Tracts of Land are so well known that the subscribet deems it unnecessary to give any extended description of
them. Application can be made to him, or to chire of his sons,
the M. CHARLACE.

The definition of the Count Fcb. 23

IN CHANCERY.—Vigurass—At a Court of Monthle held for Louise County, at the Court House thereof day, the 8th day of February, 1841;
Overton Burns, in his own right, and as Administrate Burrus, decrased, Against John Burrus, John Munday and Elizabeth his w

Nuckolds and Nancy his wife, Henry Coates and L. John L. Burrus, Caroline Burrus and Mary Eliza Bu-This day came the plaintiff, by his attorney, and

This day came the plaintiff, by his attorney, and and, the defendants, John Burrus, John Munday and his wife, Alexander Nuckolds and Nancy his wife, and Lucy his wife, not having entered their appearance of the satisfaction of the Court, that they is habitants of this State, on the motion of the plaintiff, sel, it is ordered, that the said defendants, John Bur Munday and Elizabeth his wife, Alexander Nuckoldahis wife, Henry Coates and Lucy his wife, do super Justices of our County Court of said county, at the training of the said of the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith near the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith near the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith near the plaintiff, and that a neither copy he posted at the forther Court House of this county on some Court day.

A Copy—Teste,

Feb 23

VALUABLE LAND IN HENRICO COUNTY !

PURSUANT to a decree of the County Court of H named on the 5th day of March, 1841, in a copending, in which Sasanna S. Pleusants, and Dan are plaintiffs, and Eliza J. Hallowell and others, we, the undersigned, will proceed, or FRIDAY, the present month, if fair, if not, on the next fair on the premises, at the heur of 12 o'clock, M, to on the premises, at the hear of 12 o'clock, M., to sel Auction, to the highest hidder, that valuable Transic taining four hundred acres, on which Joseph C. Pleas at the time of his death, and which lies on Chickaham and adjoining the lands of Henry L. Carter, Geras others. About one moiety of this land is first rate theory grounds, well adapted to the cultivation of Hers' less hable to overflow than other lands on the Swampmoiety is high land, a part of which is well timber premises, there is a large Brick Dwelling House, and sary Houses and improvements for the accommodate family. Rarely is such valuable property offered for capitalists are invited to visit the Farm, which will either of the subscribers, or Mr. Daniel B. Pleasants, on the place.

TERMS OF SALE. -One fourth part of the purchase 96-wew Richmond, March 9th, 1841.